



ADVANCES IN CATALYSIS FOR HYDROCARBONS

RESULTS FROM ZEOCAT-3D, C123 & BIZEOLCAT EU RESEARCH PROJECTS



Funded by
the European Union

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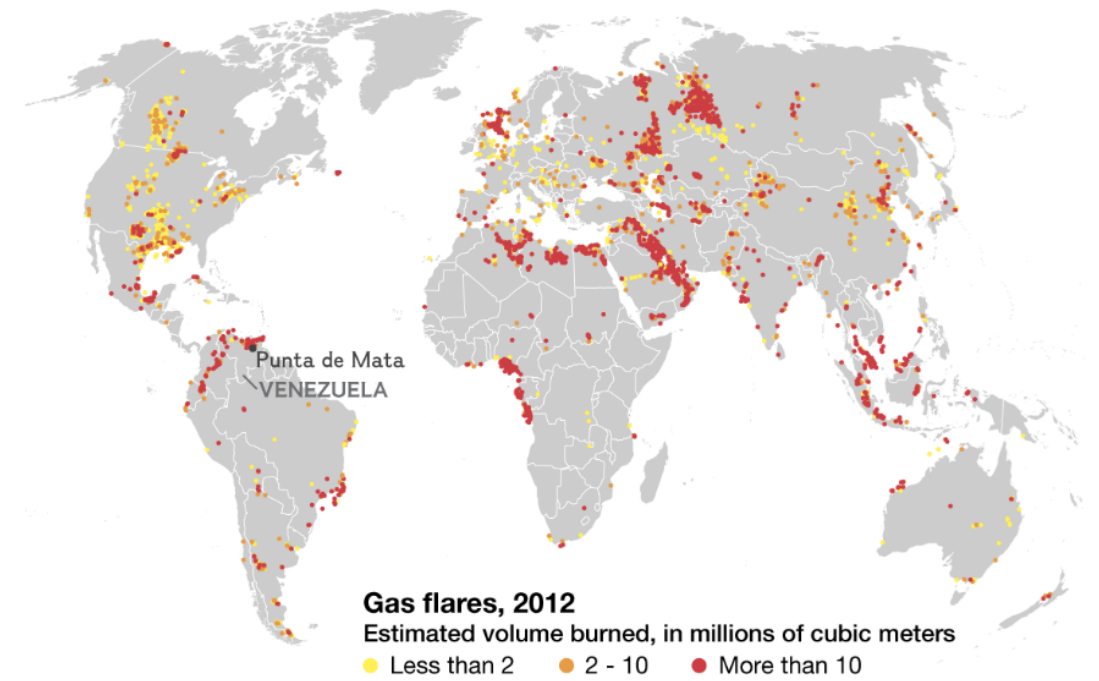
C123

Methane oxidative conversion and hydroformylation to propylene

Project overview

Richard H. Heyn (SINTEF), Project coordinator
Joris Thybaut (Univ. Gent), Scientific coordinator

Today's reality



A waste is a terrible thing to mind



- Converting CH_4 to CO_2 is better for the environment! 🙄
- Simply a waste of natural resources 😞
- Why?
 - Cheaper and easier to simply burn CH_4 than convert it to something useful
 - Location, location, location!
 - "Stranded gas"

The C123 solution

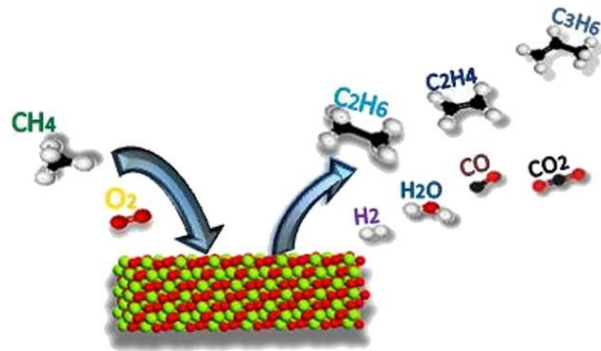
- 2 stage process

Oxidative Conversion of Methane (OCoM): $\text{CH}_4 + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{CH}_2 + \text{CO} (+ \text{H}_2)$

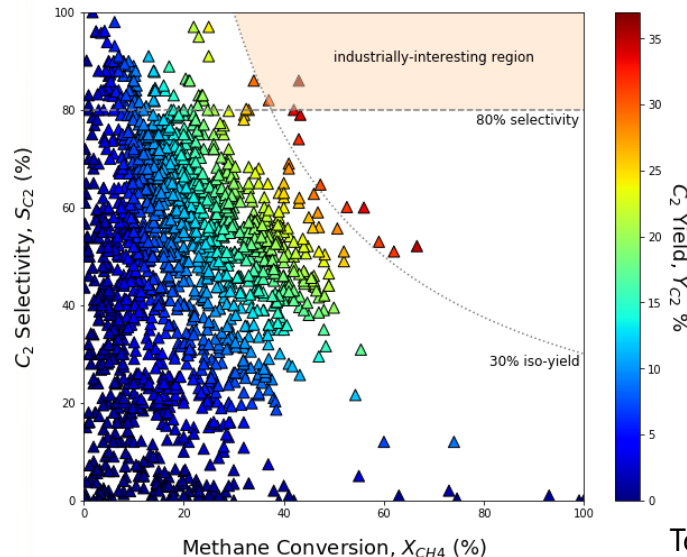
Hydroformylation (HF): $\text{H}_2\text{C}=\text{CH}_2 + \text{CO} + \text{H}_2 \rightarrow \text{propanal} \rightarrow \text{other C}_3 \text{ products}$

- Easier transportation of liquid C₃ products from remote locations

Oxidative Conversion of Methane (OCoM) Like Oxidative Coupling of Methane, but different



- Oxidative Coupling of Methane (OCM)
 - decades of research
 - entire periodic table investigated
 - awaiting successful commercialization



- Oxidative Conversion of Methane
 - Focus on maximizing both C_2 and CO as equimolar products
 - Better atom efficiency
 - Incorporation of CO_2 into products

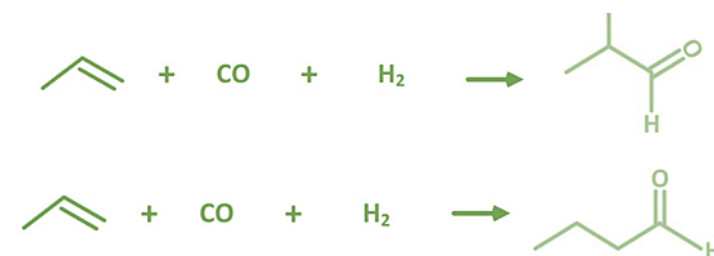
Top left: Noon et al. J. Nat. Gas Sci. Eng. 18 (2014) 406; Bottom left: Pirro et al. *Reac. Chem. Eng.* 5 (2020) 584

OCoM results

- Most suitable OCoM catalyst
- Kinetic model for the OCoM reaction stage
- Optimal reaction conditions for C₂H₄ production
- 10:25 Alejandro Romero Limones (U Gent)

Hydroformylation

- One of the world's largest homogeneously catalysed industrial processes
- Couples an alkene and syngas (CO + H₂) into an aldehyde
 - High yield and selectivities
- Primarily catalysed by organometallic Rh complexes
 - Co also used
 - Separation issues
 - Complex ligand systems to control selectivity
 - Can get both linear and branched aldehydes



Hydroformylation results

- Three new heterogeneous HF catalysts
 - PolyPhos
 - Metal-organic frameworks (MOFs)
- Successful testing in gas-phase hydroformylation of ethene
- 11:40 Alvaro Amieiro (Johnson-Matthey)

C123 Scenarios

- 5 scenarios based on 3 gas sources and 2 process sizes
 - Biogas (Germany)
 - Marginal gas (Russia)
 - 15 % of proven gas reserves
 - Not economically viable with state-of-the-art technology
 - Unfavorable crude characteristics
 - High gas and low oil reserves
 - Associated gas (USA)
 - 25 % of proven natural gas reserves
 - Natural gas found in association with oil in an oil reservoir
 - Modular route
 - 10-30 kton/yr product propanal or propanol
 - Add-on route
 - 200-300 kton/yr product propene

C123 Scenarios: TEA/LCA

- Process design, TEA and LCA of all 5 scenarios
 - Scenario A: Biogas, modular (Germany)
 - Scenario B1: Marginal gas, modular (Russia)
 - Scenario B2: Associated gas, modular (USA)
 - Scenario C1: Marginal gas, add-on (Azerbaijan)
 - Scenario C2: Associated gas, add-on (Iraq)
- Scenario B2 is considered the most promising industrial application
- 15:20 Mohamed Mahmoud (PDC) and Jordy Motte (U. Gent)

Continued relevance of the C123 project

- Given the current conflict in Ukraine and the weaponisation and increased price of natural gas supplies, how relevant is the C123 project?
- Natural gas prices will affect primarily its large production and consumption
- Natural gas prices do not change the current situation of natural gas flaring in remote locations, thus C123 is still relevant.

Conclusions

- C123 offers a technical solution for the conversion of stranded natural gas reserves to transportable C₃ chemicals
 - OCoM catalysts and process for conversion of CH₄/CO₂/O₂ to an equimolar mixture of C₂ hydrocarbons and CO
 - Synthesis of heterogenous catalysts for gas-phase hydroformylation
 - Processes and techno-economic and life cycle assessments of 5 different scenarios for the conversion of CH₄ to C₃ products

- 6.5 M€ (EU contribution) project

- 01.01.2019 – 30.06.2023













THANK YOU

Contacts:

rh@sintef.no